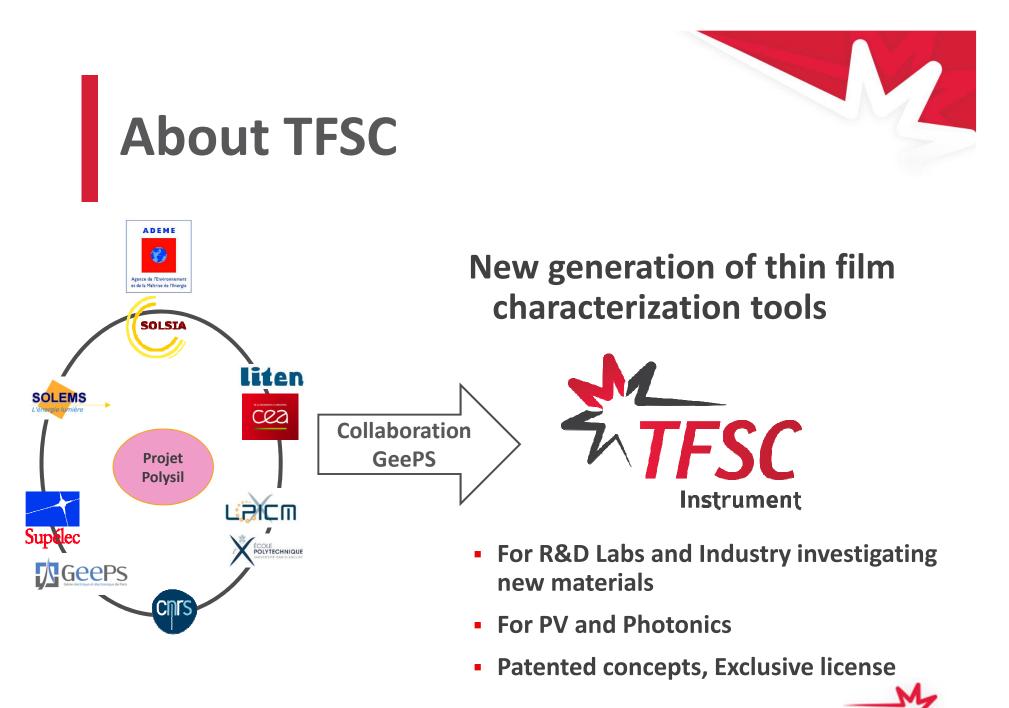


## THIN FILM SEMICONDUCTOR Instrument

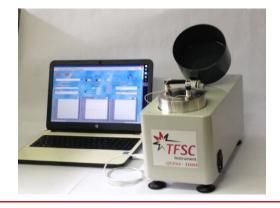


TFSC Instrument | 2015



### **Product Offers**

### **Quantum Efficiency (EQE)**



Measurement of solar cell quality : EQE, I-V

New concept based on LED light source

Fast and compact EQE with flexible light spectrum and sample surface with solar simulator option

#### SSPG-100, 200, 300



 <u>Diffusion Length measurement of charge carriers in</u> semiconductor materials

#### Fast access to electronic transport quality in materials

• Several options of sample conditioning and electrical measurements



--, - ., ----

TFSC Instrument | 2015



### **Main Market segments**

Market segment		Applicability by product		
		SSPG: electronic quality of materials	EQE: solar cell quality	
Conventional Thin films: Si, CIGS,		yes	yes	
Organic PV: OPV and Hybrid - Organics: BHJ - Perovskites		yes	yes	
Crystalline silicon: c-Si		no	Yes	





## **Product list summary**

### **Product**

### What purpose

- QUESA-1200
- QUEMA
- QUESMA-1200
- SSPG-100 to 230
- FOTOCON

EQE and Solar Simulator (I-V) for solar cells: small area

EQE for c-Si and mini-modules: medium area (up to 30x30 cm<sup>2</sup>)

- EQE and Solar Simulator (I-V) for solar cells: small and medium area (up to 15x5 cm<sup>2</sup>)
- **Material Electronic transport**
- **Material Conductivities**





### Products dedicated to solar cells: EQE and Solar simulator (I-V)

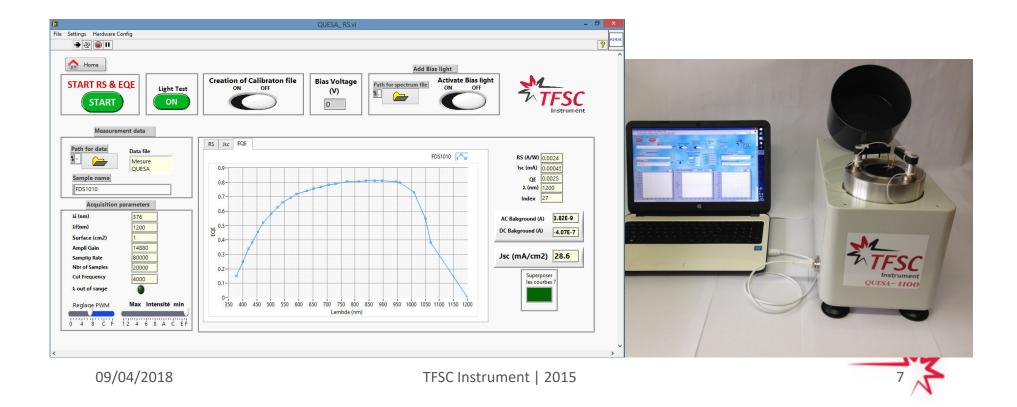




# **QUESA-1200**

### All in one: complete EQE and I(V)

Compared to dispersive method (Monochromator), it's a Direct exposure method with high accuracy and reproducibility



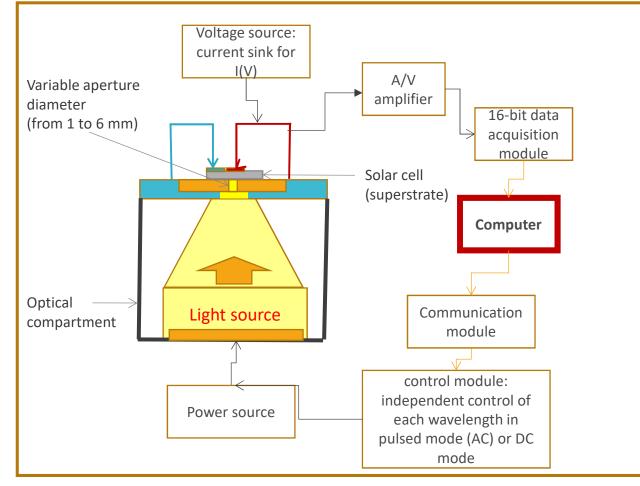
# High added value system

- Innovative and simple solution for EQE and I-V measurement
- Plug and measure system
- Not a user dependent system
- An EQE measurement becomes very friendly
- Very cost effective





# Schematic set-up: bottom-to-top illumination case (\*)



(\*) illumination from top to bottom is also available

09/04/2018

## Fast and flexible Product



- Light source based on monochromatic LEDs: large choice of wavelengths
- Spectrum range from 375 nm to 1200 nm (extension of range available on demand)
- No Optical adjustment: direct illumination with single wavelength
- No warm up time
- Compared to dispersive method, high illumination level leads to high accuracy and reproducibility
- No Need of complicated electronics: reduced sources of measurement errors
- Fast measurement: < 20s
- Compact and flexible: useful in Glove-Box. Only via USB cable connection
- Bias Light for multi-junctions and bias voltage
- Light and measurement in AC or DC mode or both DC and AC modes
- Fast calibration < 1 mn</p>
- Variable illumination aperture: from 1 mm to 6 mm
- Very reproducible measurement
- No permanent heat because light source is OFF in standby mode

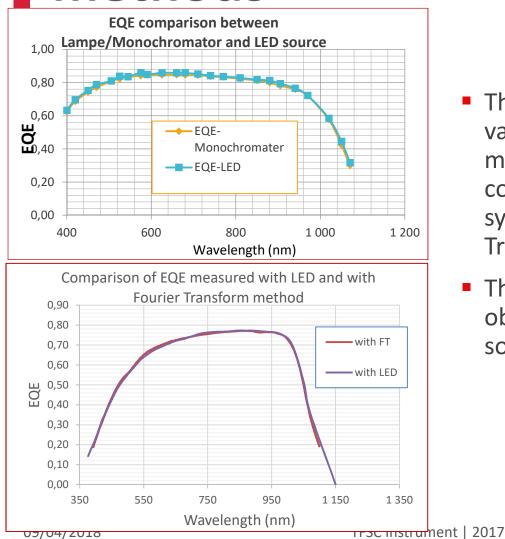




### Comparison vs conventional system

ITEMS	Conventional system case	QUESA -1200 case
Lamp sources	Warm-up time and not very stable, Lifetime,	LED source, PWM control and pulsing
Filter	Complexity, not flexible	No need: included in LED light source
Lock-In-amplifier	Sources of non-reproducibility	No need: illumination level is sufficiently high
Monochromater	unlimited wavelengths, narrow bandwidths,	Bandwidth not critical and enough number of wavelengths (>31)
Optical guiding	Complex optical components: need regular adjustment/care	Only one fixed guiding by reflector and lens
Illumination area	Small spot: only mapping	Can illuminate large surface
Bias-light	Additional light sources and filters	Can be selected by Software
I-V measurement	Need additional hardware	All in one: modular system
Size	Not compact and complex	Very compact: suitable for Glove-Box
Time and Cost	High cost, long measurement	Low cost, fast measurement
09/04/2018	TFSC Instrument   2015	

# Comparison with other methods

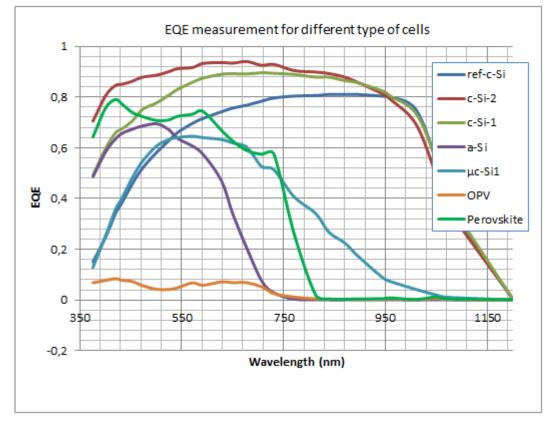


- The method with LED has been validated by comparing measurement on c-Si cell done with conventional Monochromater EQE system or with FT (Fourrier Transform) method
- The same EQE performances are obtained with QUESA1200 (LED source)





### **Applications cases**

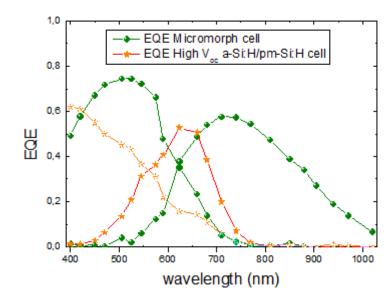


- Example of EQE for different types of solar cells: a-Si, μc-Si, c-Si and OPV
- Applicable also for other types of cells: CIGS, Perovskite, DSCC, ...

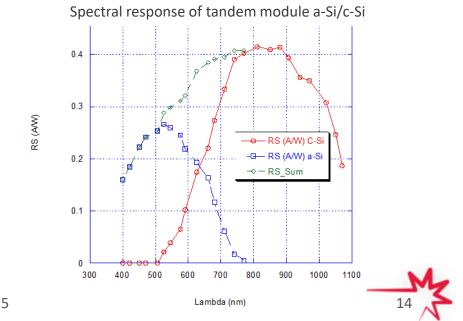




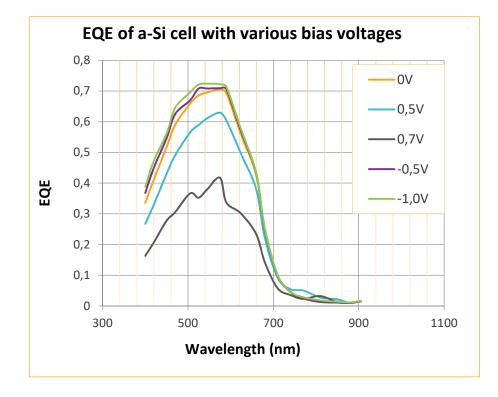
### **Convenient Bias-light**



- S/W selectable bias-light
- User can make its own bias light spectrum
- Multi-junction measurement with bias light



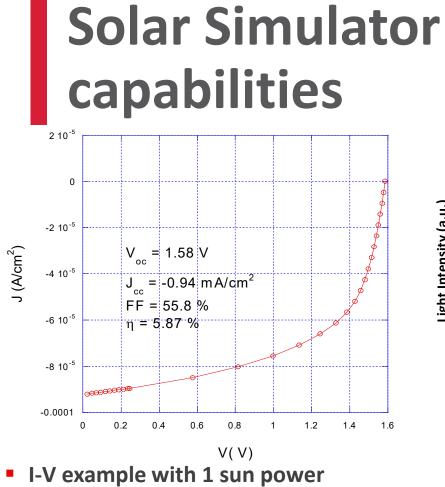
# Example of EQE with electrical bias



- Evaluation of internal electrical field of the solar cell junction by applying external positive and negative voltages
- Useful information about carrier collection: is it optimized are not?
- Possibility to deduce information on minority carrier diffusion length

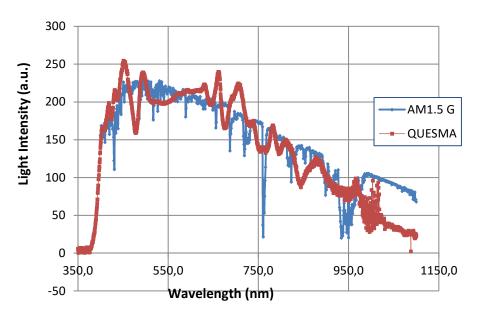






 I-V example with 1 sun pow density

Example of measured QUESMA spectrum compared to AM1.5G



Class A spectrum



### EQE medium area: QUEMA- series

	SPECIFICATIONs				
PRODUCT	Spectrum range (nm)	Sample area (cm²)	Maximum Irradiance for I-V (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	AM1.5 spectrum class	Sec.
QUEMA-1100	400-1100	< 900 cm <sup>2</sup>	-	-	
					0

17 🔨



18

## Applications

field	Product	usage
Industry	QUEMA	Quality control process: off-line control
	QUEMA	In-line control in mass production of solar cells and panels
Academic laboratories	QUESA/ QUEMA	Research and development on solar cells and photactive diodes
Private laboratories	QUESA/ QUEMA	R&D on solar cells and photactive diodes, Quality control
Education	QUESA/ QUEMA	Teaching basic photodiode performances: Photovoltaic a nd Photonics. EQE and I-V characteristics. (High school level)
		Teaching advanced Photodiodes performances and investigations (Master and PhD level)

# Merci de votre attention



#### **VOTRE CONTACT**

**M. Elyaakoubi** - *Tèl* : 01 69 19 43 49 Mail : elyaakoubi.mustapha@tfscinstrument.com.fr